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Pre-processing Testing Specification on Sugi® Material



Tests/ items	Nominal values	
Composition		
Cotton	Арргох. 35 %	
Regenerated cellulose	Арргох. 65 %	
Latex / DEHP	None	
CMR/SVHC	None	
Substances of human/animal origin	None	
Nanomaterial according to MDR §2 (18-21)	None	
Appearance/ Description		
Compressed white-cream absorbent sponge m	aterial	
Purity testing		
According to DAB or EP "Verbandswatte aus Ba	umwolle und Viskose" in the current version.	
Surfactants	Foam must not completely cover the surface after 5	
	minutes	
Water soluble substances	Max. 0.6%	
Sulphide	Test solution must be coloured weaker than the reference	
	solution	
Drying loss	Max. 8%	
Sulphate residue test (sulphate ash)	Max. 0.3%	
Fluorescence	Light brown fluorescence and some yellow particles,	
	however must not show strong blue, except for individual	
	fibres.	
Foreign fibres none		
Technical properties		
pH value of test solution	6,5 – 7,5	
Water absorption	> 1200 %	
Area weight range	Approx. 120 – 670g/m²	
Bioburden		
Bioburden limit for absorbent materials	< 200 cfu /5 g	
Sterilization		
Ethylene oxide	Sterilization by ethylene oxide is recommended for Sugi	
	Products. One-time re-sterilization with ETO does not	
	impair the characteristics of the product.	
Gamma rays	One-time re-sterilization with gamma rays will lead to a	
	reduction of the absorptive capacity	
Storage / Shelf life		
In sealed climate-secure foils at room tempera	ture (5 °C – 30 °C). Unsealed storage in a humid environment	
will lead to an increase of the dry layer thicknes	ss labsorption of humidity).	

Shelf life is 5 years / 60 months.

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Biological Tests on Sugi® material

Cytotoxicity (Project 91111501, 1991; 97z021, 1997)

Method:	ISO 10993-5 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Tests for <i>in vitro</i> Cytotoxicity.
Test material:	SUGI® strips
	Dimension: 35 x 7.5 x 1.5 mm
Extract	Extraction medium: phosphate buffered physiological saline solution, pH 7.4. Temperature
production:	and duration:
	37 °C, 24 hours (1991)
	37 °C, 72 hours (1997)
Cell culture:	L 929 mouse fibroblasts
Controls:	Positive: Dilution series
	Negative: Extraction medium
Test procedure:	6 parallel cultures per tested dilution of the extracts (100, 60, 30, 10, 3, 1 and 0.3 %). Dyed
	with crystal violet.
	Calculation of cell growth inhibition from the extinction values at 580 nm
Results:	Test sample and negative control showed no signs of reactivity (Grade 0) with 30 %
	concentration of dilution
Conclusion:	SUGI® (non-sterilized and sterilized) does not exhibit pronounced cytotoxicity

Sensitization (Report: 10-05-0923/00-92, 1992)

Method:	ISO 10993-10 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Tests for irritation and skin
	sensitization.
Test Material:	SUGI® strips
	Dimension: 35 x 7.5 x 1.5 mm
Extract	Extraction medium: phosphate buffered 0.9% saline solution, pH 7.4. Temperature and
production:	duration: 37 °C, 72 hours
Test population:	20 guinea pigs
Control	10 guinea pigs
population:	
Test procedure:	Induction exposure to undiluted extract of test material. After Extract production with
	surface to volume ratio 3 cm²/ml. Release 14 days afterwards, with this extract
Results:	After 24, 48 and 72 hours no allergic reaction, no toxic effects. Classification numbers for
	erythema and oedema = 0.
Conclusion:	SUGI® is non-sensitizing

Irritation – Skin (Report: 10-03-0922/01-92, 1992)

Method:	ISO 10993-10 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Tests for irritation and skin
	sensitization.
Test material:	Undiluted extract made of SUGI [®] strips
Test population:	3 rabbits
Test procedure:	duration of contact: 4 hours
Results:	After 30 minutes, 1, 24, 48 and 72 hours., no allergic reaction, no toxic effects. Irritation
	index for animals = 0.
Conclusion:	SUGI® is non-irritating to the skin

Method:	ISO 10993-10 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Tests for irritation and skin
	sensitization.
Test material:	Undiluted extract made of SUGI® strips
Test population:	3 rabbits
Test procedure:	duration of contact: 4 hours
Results:	After 1, 24, 48 and 72 hours, no allergic reactions, no toxic effects or eye lesions.
	Classification number = 0.
Conclusion:	SUGI® is non-irritating to the ocular surface

Irritation – Ocular (Report: 10-03-0937/00-92, 1992)

Update biocompatibility

Update 2014

Cytotoxicity (Project 14Z057, 2014)

Method:	ISO 10993-5 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Tests for <i>in vitro</i> Cytotoxicity.
Test Material:	SUGI® macro swabs (34 mm, non-compressed), SUGI® sponge strips (35 x 7.5 x 1.5 mm,
	compressed)
Extract	Sterile test items were transferred into the eluent (0.2 per milliliter cell culture medium
Production:	containing 10 % fetal calf serum) in consideration of absorption capacities: SUGI® macro
	swabs 14.8 ml/g, SUGI $^{\circ}$ sponge strips 15 ml/g. Temperature and duration: 37 °C, 24 hours.
Cell Culture:	L 929 mouse fibroblasts
Controls:	Positive: Dilution series of Dimethylsulfoxide
	Negative: Extraction medium
Test Procedure:	96 parallel cultures per tested dilution of the extracts (100, 30, 10, 3 %). After 4 hours
	incubation filled with dilution series and incubates for 72 hours at 37 $^{ m o}$ C again. Dyed with
	crystal violet. Calculation of cell growth inhibition from the extinction values at 570 nm
Results:	Test samples and negative controls showed no signs of reactivity (Grade 0)
Conclusion:	SUGI® does not exhibit pronounced cytotoxicity

GC/MS Fingerprint (Project 14Y102, 2014)

Method:	ISO 10993-18 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Chemical characterization of
	materials.
Test Material:	SUGI® macro swabs (34 mm, non-compressed), SUGI® sponge strips (35 x 7.5 x 1.5 mm,
	compressed)
Sample	Medium: water, isopropyl alcohol, n-hexane. Temperature and duration: 37 °C, 72 hours. In
Extraction:	closed glass vials
Controls:	Positive: solution of n-tetradecane dissolved in n-hexane
	Negative: Pure extraction
Test Procedure:	1 µl of each extract was injected into the GC (duplicate analysis per vial), separated on the
	capillary column and detected by MS (mass selective detector).
Results &	No semi-volatile organic compounds were detected above the analysis limit
Conclusion:	

Update 2022

Method:	ISO 10993-5 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Tests for <i>in vitro</i> Cytotoxicity.
Test Material:	SUGI® - REF 31003 - Sugi Sponge Strips, rectangular - 35 x 7,5 mm, sterile, 500 pcs
Extract	The test item was extracted under agitation (100 rpm) for 24 × 2 h in DMEM 10 % FBS at 37 ×
Production:	1°C, 5.0 % CO2 /95 % air in an incubator. The absorption capacity of the test item was
	determined (15.58 mL extraction medium/g test item) and considered for the extraction.
	The final weight/volume ratio in the assay was 0.1 g/mL above the absorption capacity
	which corresponds to 100 % extract concentration.
Cell Culture:	L929 cells (ATCC® CCL-1 [™] , NCTC clone 929 (connective tissue mouse), clone of strain L (DSMZ))
Controls:	Positive: Latex Examination Gloves were extracted at a surface/volume ratio of 6 cm ² /mL in DMEM 10 % FBS for 24 × 2 h at 37 \pm 1 °C.
	Negative: Polypropylene material was extracted at a surface/volume ratio of 3 cm ² /mL in DMEM 10 % FBS for 24 × 2 h at 37 \pm 1 °C.
Test Procedure:	The extract of the test item was diluted three times with DMEM 10% FBS at a ratio of 2:3 in a separate 96 well plate. Then the cell culture medium of the previously seeded cells was
	removed and 100 μ L of the dilutions of the test extract and 100 μ L of the controls (100 %
	extract concentration), respectively, were added in quadruplicates. The tissue plate was
	incubated for 24 – 26 h in humidified air 15.0 % CU2 / 95 % airJ at $37 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C.
Results:	I est samples and negative controls showed no signs of reactivity (Grade U)
Conclusion:	The cytotoxic effects of Sugi [®] - REF 31003 - Sugi Sponge Strips, rectangular - 35 x 7,5 mm,
	sterile, 500 pcs were analysed. Hereby, the test item was extracted under agitation for
	24 × 2 h with cell culture medium and L929 cells were incubated for 24 – 26 h with the
	extract. The decrease in the activity of mitochondrial dehydrogenases of the individual
	cultures was then analysed as a measure for cytotoxicity and compared to those of the
	controls.
	In this study under the given conditions no leachable substances were released in cytotoxic
	concentrations from the test item.

Cytotoxicity (Project STUGC22AA0667-2, 2022)

GC/MS Fingerprint (Project STUGC22AA0667-3, 2022)

Method:	ISO 10993-18 Biological evaluation of medical devices, Chemical characterization of
	materials.
Test Material:	SUGI® - REF 31003 - Sugi Sponge Strips, rectangular - 35 x 7,5 mm, sterile, 500 pcs
Sample	The test item was extracted under agitation and under light protection for 72 \pm 2 h at
Extraction:	37 ± °C with water that simulated the physiological conditions during the product-use and
	with two organic solvents (isopropanol and n-hexane) maximising the release of organic
	extractables
Controls:	Positive: Phenanthrene dissolved in isopropanol was used as reporting limit standard
	Negative: Extraction medium without test material
Test Procedure:	Each extract and the control standards were analysed by GC-MS. At the beginning of the
	sequence batch five system suitability standards were injected followed by the reporting
	limit standard (single injection). Afterwards, single injections of the extraction aliquots were
	performed. Furthermore, the system suitability standard was injected after at least every

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	ten sample injections throughout the sample set, with a final injection after the last
	corresponding sample injection to confirm the validity of the run.
Results &	In this study under the given conditions no extractable substances were detected above or
Conclusion:	equal to the calculated AET value in the water extract.
	In this study under the given conditions no extractable substances were detected above or equal to the calculated AET value in the isopropanol extract.
	In this study under the given conditions no extractable substances were detected above or equal to the calculated AET value in the n-hexane extract.

Update 2023

Pyrogen test (Project STUGC23AA1814-1, 2023)

Method:	EP 10.0 §2.6.8 Pyrogens / ISO 10993-11:2017 Biological evaluation of medical devices Part 11:
	Tests for systemic toxicity.
Test material:	REF 31301 - Sugi Sponge Strips, rhomboidal, 70 x 4 mm, 10 x 10 pcs., sterile
Extract	According to ISO 10993-12, one extract of the test sample in polar vehicle, Sodium Chloride
production:	Injection (0.9%), was prepared by submerging the device in the solvent, after complete
	imbibition, in order to reach a weight/volume ratio of 0.1 g/ml (the test sample was
	weighed before the start of the test) and incubating at (50 \pm 2) °C for (72 \pm 2) h in dynamic
	conditions (orbital stirrer).
Test population:	Specie: White rabbits
	Strain: New Zealand
	No.: 3
	Sex: Male
	Weight: 2640 - 2730 g at the beginning of the test
Controls:	Sodium Chloride Injection, 10 ml/kg body weight (previously warmed to $37^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$)
Test procedure:	Dose administration (initial step)
	Rabbits were fasted from the night before the pyrogen test.
	Rabbits were weighed and then allocated to single restraining boxes.
	Temperature probes were gently inserted in the rectum at least 7.5 cm. The probes were
	fixed via a cord at the base of the rabbit tail.
	The temperature of each rabbit was recorded starting from at least 60 min after placing
	them in restraining boxes. Animals with a temperature lower than 38°C and higher than
	39.8°C were not used for the pyrogen test.
	The temperature was recorded for 105 min at intervals of 5 min. Rabbits showing a rise in
	temperature of 0.2°C in two consecutive readings during 105 min were withdrawn from the
	test. The sodium chloride extract was warmed for 20 min at $37^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ before injection.
	Sodium Chloride Injection extract (10 ml/kg body weight at $37 \pm 2^{\circ}$ CJ was injected into the
	ear vein of three rabbits linitial stepJ, completing each injection within 4 min after the start
	of administration. The difference between temperatures in the three rabbits of the test
	group must be lower than I°C.
	Single-use non pyrogenic disposable syringes and hypodermic needles were used to
	administer the test item extract.

	Post-dose procedure (temperature detection)
	Rectal temperature was recorded for 180 min at intervals of 5 min.
	The response of each rabbit (thermal raise) is calculated as the difference between the
	maximum temperature and initial temperature.
	The initial temperature of each rabbit is the mean of two temperature readings before
	extract injection at 75 min and at 105 min.
	The maximum temperature of each rabbit is the highest temperature evaluated at interval
	of 15 minutes in the 180 min after the injection.
Results:	The summed response of the first group of three rabbits is + 0.60 $^{\circ}$ C.
Conclusion:	On the basis of the results, the test item "REF 31301 - Sugi Sponge Strips, rhomboidal, 70 x 4
	mm, 10 x 10 pcs., sterile", interpreted according to EP-current edition, MEETS THE
	REQUIREMENT for the absence of pyrogens.